

## Quantification of the sensitivity of NASA CMS Flux inversions to uncertainty in atmospheric transport.

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**Objective 1:** Assess the transport error in the global NASA CMS-Flux system and the mesoscale WRF-LPDM based upon meteorological data and CO<sub>2</sub> profiles from airborne measurements over North America.

**Objective 2:** Represent transport error by a physics-based ensemble of transport configurations in WRF.

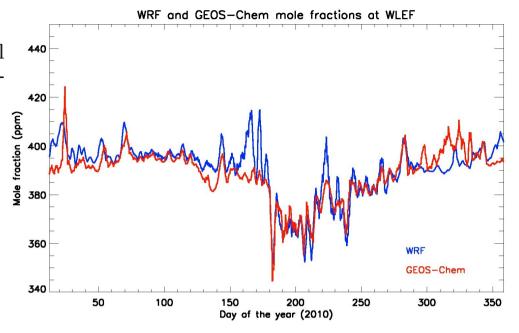
**Objective 3:** Estimate the contribution of transport uncertainty over North America on global flux uncertainty.



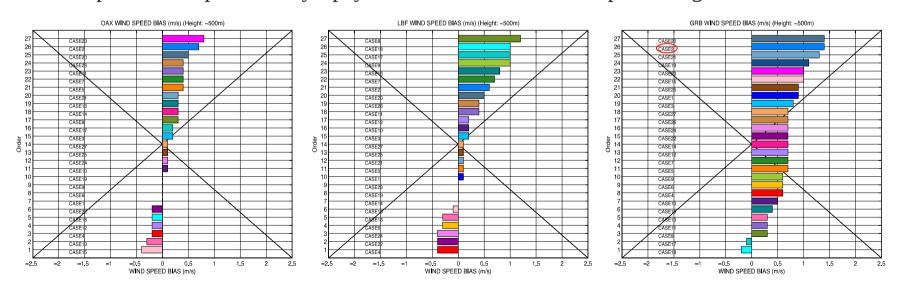


**Objective 1:** Assess the transport error in the global NASA CMS-Flux system and the mesoscale model WRF-LPDM.

 ${
m CO_2}$  mole fractions simulated by WRF-Chem (in blue) and GEOS-Chem (in red) at the WLEF tower (Park Falls, Wisconsin) using the CMS-Flux posterior fluxes and boundary conditions, for the year 2010. The identical configuration for  ${
m CO_2}$  fluxes and boundary inflow allows to identify the differences due to the transport models only.



**Objective 2:** Represent transport error by a physics-based ensemble of transport configurations in WRF.



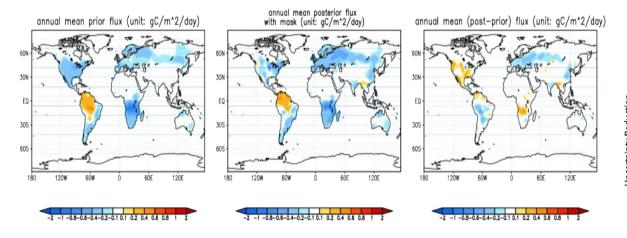
Systematic errors in horizontal wind speed from 27 different configurations of WRF-CO2 at 10km resolution compared to observations from rawindsondes located across the US upper Midwest (in m/s)

(courtesy of Liza E. Diaz)

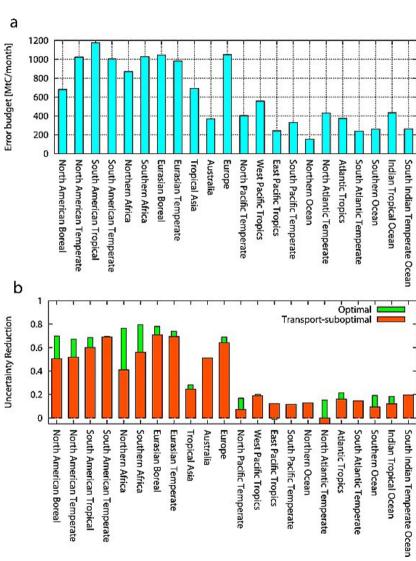




**Objective 3:** Estimate the contribution of transport uncertainty over North America on global flux uncertainty.



Left panel: the annual mean prior biosphere flux; middle panel: the annual mean posterior biosphere flux; right panel: the difference between posterior flux and the prior flux. (unit: gC/m2/day). The global net terrestrial biosphere fluxes for the prior and the posterior are -5.1GtC and -5.4GtC respectively. (courtesy of Junjie Liu, JPL)



Impact of transport model errors on error reduction for the estimation of CO2 surface fluxes from GOSAT observations (Chevallier et al., 2010).